Using an Appropriate Point of View

**VOCABULARY**

**Antecedent**
*The noun which a pronoun refers to.*

**Person (Point of View)**
*The perspective through which a writer expresses her ideas. For instance, first person pronouns are I, me, my, we, and our. Second Person pronouns are you and your. Third person pronouns are they, them, he, him, she, her, and it.*

**THE RULE**
*A pronoun must agree in person with its antecedent.*

**PRACTICE**

**Error:** Students should attend class regularly because if you don’t, you won’t do well.

**Correction:** Students should attend class regularly because if they don’t, they won’t do well.

**Error:** Students shouldn’t complain about the food in Chuck’s. We should be grateful for the variety of foods offered.

**Correction:** Students shouldn’t complain about the food in Chuck’s. They should be grateful for the variety of foods offered.

**Correction:** We students shouldn’t complain about the food in Chuck’s. We should be grateful for the variety of foods offered.